

Diet and IBD

No diet has been shown to help with preventing or managing IBD, and there really is no need to avoid specific foods unless they make your symptoms worse. In fact, it's best to restrict as few foods as possible to ensure you are getting the nutrients you need through a healthy, balanced diet

IBD can affect the amount of nutrients your digestive system absorbs, so it's important to ensure you are getting the essentials. Key nutrients and food sources include:

- Iron: meat, poultry, iron-fortified cereals and enriched breads
- Folate: green leafy vegetables, bananas and whole-grain products
- Vitamin D: fish, fortified milk and soy products
- Protein: meat, poultry, fish, soy seeds, nut butters and eggs
- Calcium: dairy products, fortified soy beverages, salmon and blackstrap molasses
- Vitamin B12: meat, fish, poultry, eggs and dairy products

Identifying troublesome foods

A simple solution is to keep a food journal. Tracking the foods you eat and the times your symptoms worsen may help you to pinpoint any trigger foods. Your doctor or dietitian will make sure you don't eliminate nutrients that are essential for your growth, development and optimal health, and will be able to make suggestions of other foods you might tolerate and enjoy!

ROBBIE'S RAINBOW MISSION

Our mission is to help improve the health and quality of life of children and teens living with Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis (IBD).

We are committed to helping guide and support IBD families, teens and children by providing access to critical treatments and care, building educational resources and patient advocacy.







When flaring...

If you don't have much of an appetite, try eating small amounts frequently. Drink after eating food so that you don't fill up just on liquids. Avoid sugary foods and beverages, alcohol, caffeine and high-fat foods. When you're not feeling well, this is the time to be seeking out foods and drinks that nourish you and will help keep up your energy and health.

When in remission...

Although there is no specific diet that people with IBD should follow, it is important to eat well. Try:

- a variety of fruits and vegetables prepared with little or no fat, sugar and salt. Have fruit and vegetables more often than juice.
- Choose whole-grain breads, cereals, pasta and rice at least half the time (as tolerated).
- Drink milk or milk alternatives. If you do not consume 500 ml (two cups) of milk each day then you should make sure you are getting adequate vitamin D from other sources.
- Choose meats and alternatives prepared with little fat and salt. Choose fish rich in omega 3 (e.g. salmon, herring, trout, sardines, mackerel and char) at least twice each week.

For food suggestions and preparation tips, check out: bit.ly/HCFoodTips.

Getting help

It is important that you don't exclude food groups from your diet without first talking to your doctor or registered dietitian. IBD is different in every patient, and there is no specific diet that will work the same way for everyone. Talking to a dietitian is the best way to determine strategies that are best suited for you and your health needs.

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